



INTERNATIONAL  
SEASCAPE18 CLASS RULES

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## Introduction

This introduction provides only an informal background and the International Seascope18 Class Rules proper begin on the next page.

The Seascope18 class has been created as a strict one-design class where the true test when racing is between crews and not boats and equipment. The fundamental objective of these class rules is to ensure that this concept is maintained.

Seascope18 hulls, hull appendages, rigs and sails are measurement/manufacturing controlled.

Seascope18 hulls, hull appendages, rigs shall only be manufactured by a licensed manufacturer – in the class rules referred to as licensed manufacturers. Equipment is required to comply with the International Seascope18 Building Specification.

Seascope18 hulls, hull appendages, rigs and sails may, after having left the manufacturer, only be altered to the extent permitted in Section C of the class rules.

Seascope18 sails may be manufactured by any sail maker. Race organizers may require that sails shall be measured by an approved measurer and appropriate markings placed on the sails to show sail measurement has been performed and that sails comply with these class rules.

Owners and crews should be aware that compliance with rules in Section C is NOT checked as part of the manufacturing process.

Rules regulating the use of equipment during a race are contained in Section C of these class rules, in Equipment Rules of Sailing Part I and in the Racing Rules of Sailing.

Please Remember:

**IF THESE RULES DO NOT SAY YOU CAN — THEN YOU CANNOT!**

## **PART I — ADMINISTRATION**

### **SECTION A – GENERAL**

#### **A.1 LANGUAGE**

A.1.1 The official language of the class is English and in case of dispute over translation the English text shall prevail.

A.1.2 The word “shall” is mandatory and the word “may” is permissive.

#### **A.2 ADMINISTRATION OF THE CLASS**

A.2.1 Administrative functions of the class are conducted by ISSA – manufacturer of Seascope18 – which may delegate part or all of its functions, as stated in these class rules, to a national member.

#### **A.3 WORLD SAILING RULES**

A.3.1 These class rules shall be read in conjunction with the World Sailing Equipment Rules of Sailing (ERS) found on [www.sailing.org](http://www.sailing.org).

A.3.2 Except where used in headings, when a term is printed in “**bold**“, the definition in the ERS applies and when a term is printed in “*italic*“, the definition in the RRS applies.

#### **A.4 CLASS RULES INTERPRETATION**

A.4.1 Interpretation of class rules shall be made in accordance with the World Sailing Regulations.

#### **A.5 SAIL NUMBERS**

A.5.1 Sail numbers shall be issued by the ISSA or National class association.

A.5.2 Sail numbers shall be issued in consecutive order.

A.5.3 A boat may compete with a sail number issued by national sailing federation, if the number doesn't overlap with Seascope 18 class numbers. In this case, the boat with national sailing federation provided number must change it to Seascope18 class sail number.

### **SECTION B – BOAT ELIGIBILITY**

For a boat to be eligible for racing, it shall comply with the rules in this section.

#### **B.1 CLASS RULES COMPLIANCE**

B.1.1 The boat shall be in compliance with the class rules.

B.1.2 In the event of a dispute alleging non-compliance with class rules where specific measurements are not stated, the following procedure shall be adopted:

- a) A sample measurement of the disputed item shall be obtained by taking the identical measurement from 3 boats or items of equipment, which are not the subject of the dispute.
- b) The measurement of the disputed boat or items of its equipment, taken using the same technique as above, shall be compared to the sample.
- c) If any of the measurements obtained from the disputed boat or item of equipment lie outside the corresponding range of measurements found in the sample, the matter together with the

details of the measurement methods and any other relevant information shall be referred to the Race Committee.

## B.2 CLASS ASSOCIATION MARKINGS

B.2.1 Each Seascope18 shall have a builder's hull identification mark incorporating the boat sail number fixed in the right side of the transom. The format of the mark is:  
SI-SSCXXXXXAB-CD, where XXXXX represents hull number, A month of build, B year of build, C month of introduction of the model, D year of introduction of the model.

## PART II – REQUIREMENTS AND LIMITATIONS

The crew and the boat shall comply with the rules in Part II when racing. In case of conflict Section C shall prevail.

The rules in Part II are closed class rules. Certification control and equipment inspection shall be carried out in accordance with the ERS except where varied in this Part.

### SECTION C – CONDITIONS FOR RACING

#### C.1 GENERAL

##### C.1.1 Rules

(a) The ERS Part I – Use of Equipment shall apply.

##### C.1.2 Limitations

(a) The Seascope18 shall only be raced with hull, hull appendages, rig, bowsprit and **boom** as supplied by ISSA or its licensed manufacturer and conforming to these rules.

(b) Where specified in these class rules, parts or equipment may be replaced providing that the replacement is of similar weight, size and type and performs the same function. The replacement parts or equipment may be obtained from any supplier.

(c) In hauling or out hauling of the jib or asymmetrical spinnaker in any way is prohibited.

(d) The mainsheet bridle – A-frame – shall not be adjustable while racing.

#### C.2 CREW

##### C.2.1 Limitations

(a) The crew shall consist of 2 or 3 persons of combined weight measured in light sport clothes of 270kg or less.

(b) No crew member shall be substituted during an event without written approval by the Jury or race committee. The substitute shall have the same weight as the **crew** member that is going to be replaced, within a tolerance of +/- 5kg,

##### C.2.2. Positioning

(a) No crew member shall sit with their legs outside of the boat.

(b) No crew member shall be positioned forward of the mast except for momentary untangling or repairs of sail or equipment.

(c) Crew members shall be seated while sailing with both feet on the cockpit or in foot straps except for sail handling maneuvers.

(d) When tacking or gybing, crew shall not hang, push or pull on the shrouds, mast or any other item to promote the maneuver.

(e) The foot straps shall be adjusted so, that they do not lift for more than 50cm from the cockpit floor at any location.

(f) The foot straps may be shock corded to pull out any slack.

(g) No device, method or sheet may be used to implement or assist hiking or sitting outboard other than the actual working sheet and the foot straps as positioned and supplied by the licensed manufacturer.

### C.3 PERSONAL EQUIPMENT

#### C.3.1 Mandatory

(a) The boat shall be equipped with personal flotation devices for each crew member to the minimum standard ISO 12402-5 (CE 50 Newton), or USCG Type III, or AUS PFD 1.

### C.4 ADVERTISING

#### C.4.1 Limitations

Advertising shall only be displayed in accordance with Category C of the World Sailing Advertising Code. (See World Sailing Regulation 20)

### C.5 PORTABLE EQUIPMENT

#### C.5.1 Mandatory

- (a) One bucket of minimum volume 9 liters on a rope with a minimum 2m in length and 4mm in diameter.
- (b) Hand water bailer
- (c) Sponge
- (d) One anchor and chain combined not less than 6kg in weight with at least 30m anchor line with minimum diameter of 8mm.
- (e) One paddle with minimum length of 150cm
- (f) 4 fenders with a minimum circumference of 30 cm or comparable.
- (g) 2 mooring lines of 10m with minimum diameter of 8mm

#### C.5.2 Optional

- (a) Electronic or mechanical timing devices
- (b) One compass, timing device or a combination of both may be fitted provided they can only provide information relating to the boat's heading, current or elapsed time, depth and **boat** speed.
- (c) GPS devices, as long as they provide only position, speed, course, user entered waypoints or computations of these values.
- (d) Water bottle holders
- (e) Wind indicators
- (f) Sheet bags may be added to the boat to stow equipment, food, tools, and or drinks.
- (g) Any system of tape, rope, clips or covers intended only to prevent equipment from loosening and to prevent sails tearing.
- (h) The carrying of loose ropes, fenders, spares, internal buoyancy and safety equipment is unrestricted provided their fixing does not change the structural properties of the boat and gives no performance advantage.
- (i) Charts and means of recording compass headings.
- (j) Rope, bags, tape or fittings to secure safety or other equipment.
- (k) Tell tales may be added to any part of the rig, mainsail, asymmetrical spinnaker or jib.
- (l) The method of attaching sheets to the spinnaker is unrestricted provided that the **sail** when flown will not fly further than 20cm from the intended sheet rope.
- (m) The use of Velcro, shock cord, Teflon tape, flexible adhesive tape, rope, stainless rings, and shackles is unrestricted as long as this does not modify the sheeting angle of any sail when loaded or restrict the intended purpose of any equipment.

(n) The method of attaching any fitting to the boat is unrestricted but shall not modify the fittings position, the effective operation of the fitting nor the intended purpose or action of any equipment and provided their fixing gives no performance advantage.

(o) Weed sticks of optional design may be carried on board for the removal of weeds from the rudder.

## C.6 BOAT

### C.6.1 Alterations

No performance advantage shall be obtained from any replacement, addition or repair permitted by these class rules.

(a) Replacement for any boat equipment, including but not limited to hull appendages, rig, bowsprit, boom, hatches, and custom Seascope18 fittings and hardware shall be only done by those produced by a manufacturer licensed by ISSA.

(b) Repairs and maintenance including but not limited to painting and sanding may be carried out provided repairs are made in such a way that the essential shape, characteristics or function of the original are maintained.

(c) Maintenance may include the replacement of fastenings with alternatives from any supplier, provided that the equipment is replaced in the original position.

## C.7 HULL

### C.7.1 Modifications, maintenance and repair

(a) Gelcoat finish from 30mm above the waterline to include the bottom of the hull may be lightly abraded to apply epoxy barrier coat and anti fouling paint. If epoxy barrier coat is applied anti fouling paint must also be applied.

(b) Waxing and polishing of the hull is permitted provided the intention and effect is to polish the hull only.

(c) Repairs are permitted; however, an official measurer may verify that the external shape is the same as before the repair and that no substantial stiffness, or shape variation, or other advantage has been gained because of the repair.

(d) Any work intended or with the effect of lightening the hull or improving, shape or performance beyond the original is not permitted.

### C.7.2 Fittings

(a) Inspection hatch covers and drainage plugs shall be kept in place at all times.

(b) The main hatches shall remain closed with neoprene or other watertight seal except when accessing stored equipment.

### C.7.3 Limitations

(a) Fittings shall remain in factory installed locations except that:

(1) A drain plug may be installed in the transom

(2) The jib sheet cleat angles may be changed.

(3) Adjustments via shackles, lashings, or new jib halyards may be made to adjust jib height off deck.

(4) Mainsheet can be lead to the ratchet in the middle of the cockpit on the cockpit floor instead under the boom. For that purpose, an extra block may be fitted on the stern of the boat.

(5) A jib sheet track may be mounted alongside the edge of the cabin roof with maximum 2cm offset of its centerline to the edge of the cabin roof. The longitudinal position is only

limited in the way, that there shall be a gap of 2cm between the sheets swivel pedestal and the end cap of the track. The length of the track is limited to 465mm. (depicted in Appendix B)

- (b) Replacement of the following items is permitted. Parts may be obtained from any supplier.
  - (1) All deck gear – diameter of blocks may be changed and normal blocks can be changed to ratchet blocks.
  - (2) Inspection hatches
  - (3) Sails and sail battens
  - (4) Shackles, pins, bolts

#### C.7.4 Additions & Alterations to Hull

The following additions and alterations are permitted:

- (a) Non-skid material of any kind may be added to the cockpit floor and deck. Thickness shall not exceed 5mm.
- (b) Cleat risers and fairleads may be added, removed or changed on all cleats.
- (c) Trim marks

### C.8 HULL APPENDAGES

#### C.8.1 Modifications, Maintenance and repair

- (a) Waxing and polishing of the hull appendages is permitted provided the intention and effect is to polish the hull appendages only.
- (b) Repairs are permitted; however, an official measurer may verify that the external shape is the same as before the repair and that no substantial stiffness, or other advantage has been gained because of the repair.
- (c) Any work intended or with the effect of lightening the hull appendages or modifying their shape is forbidden.
- (d) The keel may be protected against corrosion by plastic coating, glass fiber fabric, resins and paint, up to a total layer thickness of 2mm.

#### C.8.2 Keel

- (a) The keel shall be lowered down to its racing position and may only be raised for the purposes of re-floating when aground after which it shall be lowered to racing position at the earliest opportunity. The keel angle shall not change throughout the race.
- (b) Racing position is between 85degrees to the water line and position where the keel lock pin can be inserted and secured.
- (c) The plastic wedges on the head of the keel may be modified or changed to prevent keel movement but shall not alter the keel position.
- (d) The keel may be aligned to the centerline of the hull.
- (e) Any method of closing the keel slot on the bottom of the hull may be applied if it doesn't prevent keel movement from 0 (fully up) – 85 (fully down) degrees.
- (f) Additional to the standard keel, also the short keel version is permitted for racing without any compensation.

#### C.8.3 Rudder

- (a) Use  
Rudders shall be positioned in lowered position – top of the rudder shall not extend more than 2cm from the top edge of the rudder box – and may only be raised for the purposes of re-



floating when aground or removing weed or trash from the blade, after which it shall be lowered to racing position at the earliest opportunity.

(b) Fittings

(1) Rudder fittings shall be of ISSA design and manufacture. Additional reinforcement may be added inside the rudder post.

(2) Adjusting of upper rudder fixing points is permitted.

(3) Tiller extensions may be replaced with optional design, from any manufacturer.

## C.9 RIG

### C.9.1 Modifications, Maintenance and repair

(a) The rig shall not be modified in a way to alter the bend characteristics of the mast.

(b) The rig shall not be altered in a way to reduce the weight aloft.

(c) Replacement of the cleats and sheaves is permissible by any supplier provided their size remains the same.

(d) Sanding and furnishing with UV protective color is permitted to protect the mast to UV deterioration if it doesn't change mast bend characteristic or reduces mast weight.

### C.9.2 Fittings

(a) A protective pad may be added to the mast and the boom to protect them from the clew of the jib or other wear.

(b) A wind direction indicator may be fitted to the top of the mast.

(c) The use of shock cord on the rig is unlimited.

(d) The use of tape of any kind is unlimited.

(e) Protective padding may be added to the end of the boom.

### C.9.3 Limitations

(a) Only one set of spars and standing rigging shall be used except when an item has been lost or damaged beyond repair.

(b) Only mast, boom and bowsprit designed and manufactured by a licensed builder shall be used.

(c) Length of standing rigging can be changed. Shrouds and turnbuckles are permissible by any supplier.

### C.9.4 Bowsprit

(a) Approaching a windward mark without the spinnaker set, the bowsprit shall not be extended until TWA has become larger than 90 degrees. If for a wind shift, or any other reason, the spinnaker is flown on a 'windward' leg, then the bowsprit shall be fully extended and the spinnaker set before the boat reaches the zone at a mark.

(b) When the bowsprit is extended the boat shall be in the process of a continuous hoist, or flying or dropping the spinnaker.

(c) In its fully extended position the tip of the bowsprit shall not extend more than 150cm over the bow of the boat.

### C.9.5 Standing Rigging

(1) All stays shall be 4mm 1X19 stainless wires. The length of all stays is optional.

(2) Dyform rigging is forbidden.

### C.9.6 Running Rigging

(1) All rope diameter and materials are optional. Tapered sheets are allowed.

(2) Purchase systems can be changed to any ratio if they don't change the sheeting angles of the sails.

## C.10 SAILS

### C.10.1 Modifications, Maintenance and repair

(a) Sails shall not be altered in any way except as permitted by these class rules.

(b) Routine maintenance such as repairing tears is permitted without re-measurement and re-certification.

### C.10.2 Limitations

(a) Not more than one mainsail, one jib, and two asymmetrical spinnakers shall be carried onboard.

(b) Not more than one mainsail, two jibs, and two asymmetrical spinnakers shall be used during an event.

(c) While two jibs and asymmetrical spinnakers may be used during an event, only one is allowed to be used in one day of racing. Jibs shall also differ in their respective sail area for at least 15%. The second sail may be used at the same day if the first suffered irreparable damage.

### C.10.3 Mainsail

(a) Identification:

(1) RRS Appendix G1.3.C will not apply. National code may be positioned instead in one row with the sail number.

(2) The sail number shall be displayed on each side of the mainsail in accordance to rule:

- Minimum size of letters is 300mm.

- Minimum distance between the letters is 60mm.

- either number format is XXX NNN, where XXX stands for national code as in RRS appendix G, and NNN for sail number as provided by ISSA.

- or a number provided by national sailing federation.

- Number should be positioned between 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> batten counting from the foot of the mainsail.

- They shall be placed at different heights on the two sides of the sail, those on the starboard side being uppermost.

(3) The class insignia shall be the Seascope18 logo as prescribed by ISSA (Appendix A) and shall be displayed on each side of the mainsail between 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> batten counting from the foot up.

(b) Use

While racing, the Mainsail shall not be set in a way that the Head Point extends over the top end of the **sail** track. A fixed mechanical stopper device may be added to the mast, to avoid to set the sail too high.

### C.10.4 Jib

(1) The sail shall be roller furling.

(2) The sail shall have a zipper luff, and zipped around the forestay.

(3) The sail shall not be set in a way to inhaul or outhaul the clew or change the sheeting angle except in the purpose of maneuvering.

(4) Multiple clew points at the jib are allowed in case that boat is using a single sheeting position on the deck.

(5) If using a jib sheet track, only a single clew point at the jib is permitted. Remaining clew points have to be made unusable.

(6) A continuous adjustment of the sheeting angle is not allowed in any case.

#### C.10.5 Asymmetrical Spinnaker

Identification:

(1) The sail numbers are not required on the spinnaker.

(2) Use: The sail shall be hoisted from and dropped to the snuffer bag on the left side of the deck. Snuffer bag can be of soft fabric of any design or manufacturer as long as its function is solely storage of spinnaker.

(3) Spinnaker can have optional number and position of retrieving points.

### SECTION D – SAILS

#### D.1 GENERAL

##### D.1.1 Rules

Sails shall comply with the class rules in force at the time of certification.

##### D.1.2 Certification

The official measurer shall certify mainsails and headsails in the tack and spinnakers in the head and shall sign and date the certification mark.

##### D.1.3 Sail maker

No license is required.

#### D.2 MAINSAIL

##### D.2.1 Construction

(a) The construction shall be: soft sail, woven ply and/or laminated ply made from one or more of the following materials: Dacron, Polyester

(b) The sail shall have five battens and one functional reef.

(c) Battens shall be made from fiberglass stick of uniform section, 8mm in diameter. The front end may be tapered at a length of 10cm to fit the battens into their end caps.

(d) The following are permitted: Stitching, glues, tapes, bolt ropes, corner eyes, batten pocket patches, batten pocket elastic, batten pocket end caps, leech line with cleat, windows, tell tales, sail shape indicator stripes and items as permitted or prescribed by other applicable rules.

##### D.2.2 Dimensions:

Maximum dimensions defined according World Sailing ERS Section G.7:

**Foot Length:** 290cm

**Quarter Width:** 260cm

**Half Width:** 230cm

**Three-Quarter Width:** 185cm

**Top Width:** 130cm

**Leech Length:** 730cm

Minimum weight of complete sail excluding battens and Velcro straps shouldn't be less than 5.0kg.

### D.3 HEADSAIL

#### D.3.1 Construction

- (a) The construction shall be: soft sail, woven ply and/or laminated ply made from one or more of the following materials: Dacron, Polyester.
- (b) The headsail shall have up to 3 batten pockets in the leech. The battens shall be aligned parallel to the luff to allow for the jib to be furled. Battens shall be made from fiberglass stick.
- (c) The following are permitted: Stitching, glues, tapes, corner eyes, zippers, batten pocket, elastic, batten pocket patches, batten pocket end caps, cleat on leech and luff, windows, tell tales, sail shape indicator stripes and items as permitted or prescribed by other applicable rules.

#### D.3.2 Dimensions:

Maximum dimensions defined according World Sailing ERS Section G.7:

**Luff Perpendicular:** 230cm

**Half Width:** 130cm

**Three-Quarter Width:** 80cm

**Top Width:** 10cm

Minimum weight of complete sail including battens should not be less than 2,8kg

### D.4 ASYMMETRICAL SPINNAKER

#### D.4.1 Construction

- (a) Sail shall be built from 0.75oz Nylon or heavier of any color.
- (b) The construction shall be: soft sail, single ply sail.
- (c) The body of the sail shall consist of the same woven ply throughout.
- (d) The following are permitted: Stitching, glues, tapes, corner eyes, recovery line eyes, tell tales and items as permitted or prescribed by other applicable rules.
- (e) Windows are permitted below half height.

#### D.4.3 Maximum dimensions defined according World Sailing ERS Section G.7:

**Luff Length:** 855cm

**Leech Length:** 675cm

**Foot length:** 540cm

**Half Width:** 505cm

**Appendix A**

Class insignia:



**Appendix B**

Jib track position:

